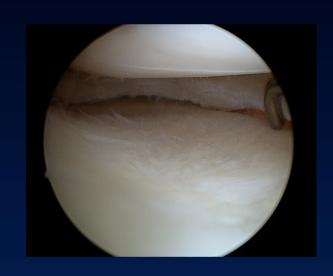


MENISCAL REPAIR: LIMITS





François Kelberine, Jean-Philippe Vivona

Aix en Provence - France

Meniscectomy

One of the most frequent orthopædic operation Remove the injuried part and no more

Meniscal repair

12% in stable knee in France

L'arthroscopie 2015 SFA Ed

Avoid cartilage damages
Protect degeneration

depend on surgeon's skills and experience

Meniscal repair depends on...

·Do we prevent degeneration?

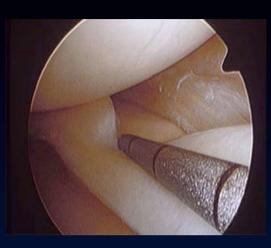
Rockborn KSSTA 2000 Paxton Arthrocopy 2011

- ·Tear pattern
- Vascularization
- ·Combined lesion
- ·Age of the lesion
- ·Patient's age
- ·Activities (level & type)

·Iatrogenic risks of repair?

Pattern

Longitudinal tears
Horizontal tears
Oblique tears
Radial tears

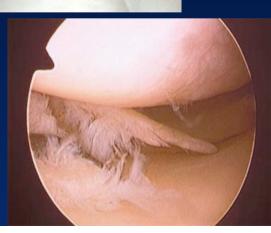






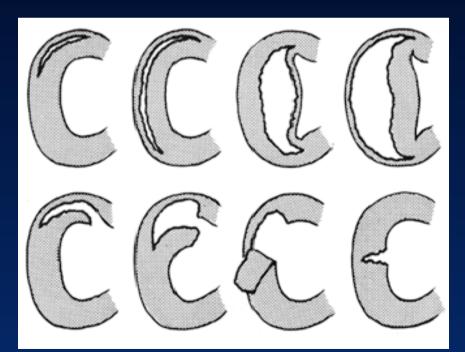






Meniscal Tear

- ·Pattern
- ·Location (extend, root)
- ·Quality of tissue itself ++





Degenerative tear

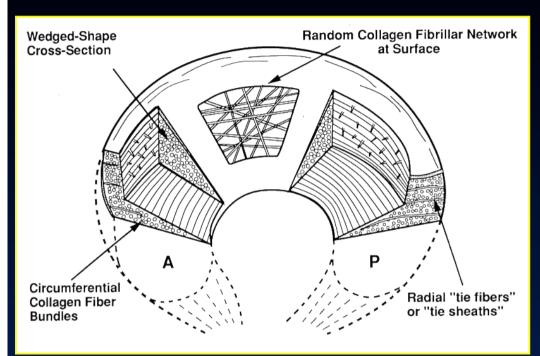
- Middle aged patient
- Strat with oblique



- Long lasting onset
- Partial meniscectomy



Structure of the Meniscus





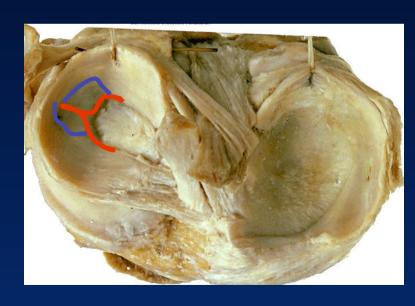
Circumferential fibers spread compressive load

Radial & oblique fibers enhance rigidity, prevent longitudinal splitting = Ties

Resection is not detrimental by

keeping intact the stable peripheral circonferencial fibers which resists hoop stress

- · Cyst
- Popliteus wall / LM
- · DML

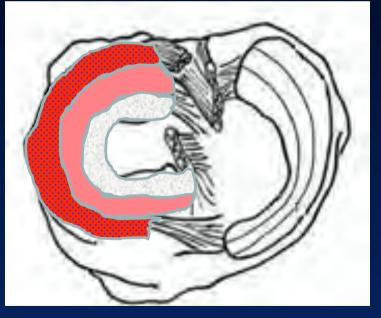




Healing capability

3 zones of blood supply





Is the healing effective?

·Synovial, Red-Red, Red-white zones

•eg roots

•White-White zone?
Noyes JBJS 2010



·Clot, trephination, GF,

•Bleeding from another area •(eq ACL, Tibial fracture)



3_{mm}

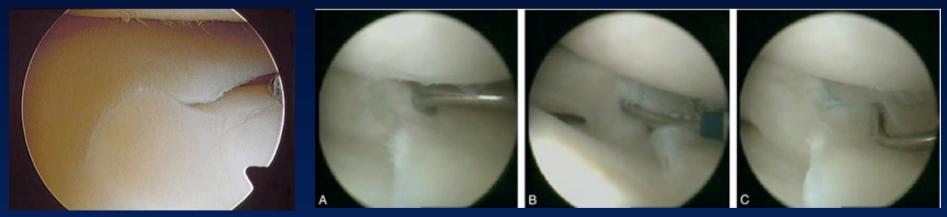


•Cost, benefit?

Associated lesion

· Preserve menisci as much as possible

 Stabilize lesion even radial ML tear in w-w zone



· The time of healing process of the procedure overlaps the meniscus one

Specificity of horizontal tear

- 2 ≠ populations
 - Young myxoid lateral > medial
 - · Over 45 y.o degenerative medial > lateral

- To keep meniscal tissue as much as possible
 - Reconstruction
 - Leaf resection (minimal resection)



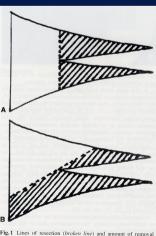


Fig. 1 Lines of resection (broken line) and amount of remova (shaded area) in conventional partial menisectomy (A) and "conservative" partial menisectomy (B)

Patients

Age?

El Kousy Sport Med Arthr Rev 2002

Morphotype

- Activities
 - ·ADL or sport
 - Deny
 - ·Difficult to convice







Risks of repair not yet assessed

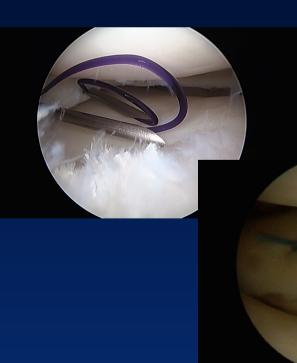
· Meniscal arrows prohibited

· Technically challenging

Iatrogenic lesion

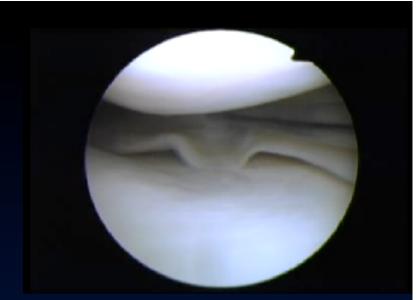
Detrimental role of

suture material?



Meniscectomy

·Is still largely valid



·Patial meniscectomy (as conservative as possible)

Avoid cartilage damages

Except

·Lateral compartment, young age, combined acl repair